



THE OHIO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY'S GROUNDWATER PROGRAM

OKI Groundwater Committee 2024

CRAIG NELSON

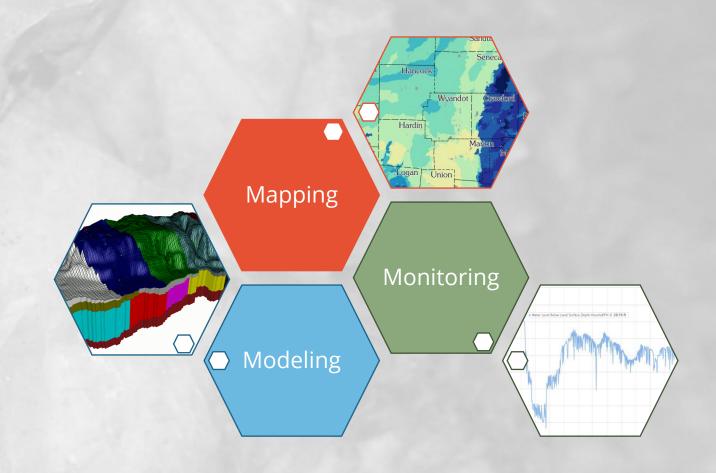
HYDROGEOLOGIST & GROUP SUPERVISOR

2045 Morse Rd., Bldg. B-2 Columbus, OH 43229



OVERVIEW

- Groundwater <u>quantity</u> only
- Moved to Geological Survey from Div. of Water in 2017
- Staff:
 - 1 Supervisor
 - 3 Hydrogeologists
 - 2 Groundwater Specialists
- Primary Data Provision:
 - Ohio Water Well Log Database
 - Ohio Observation Well Network

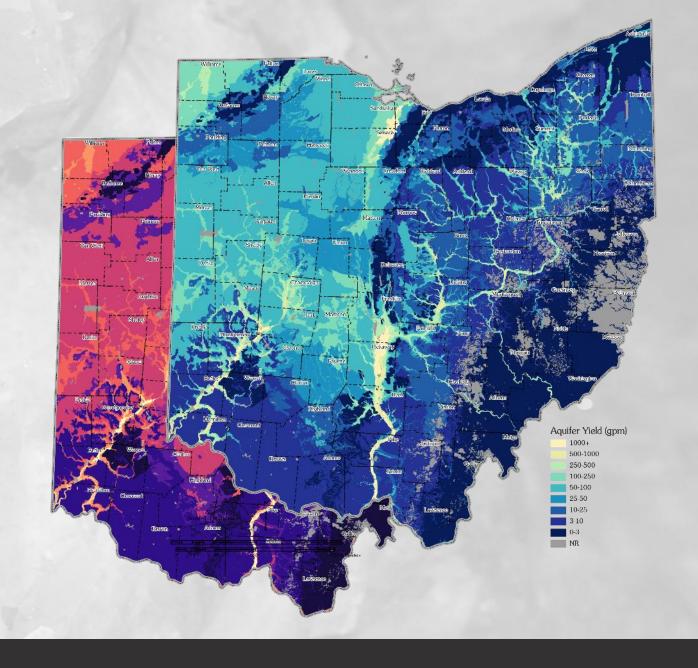


I. GROUNDWATER MAPPING

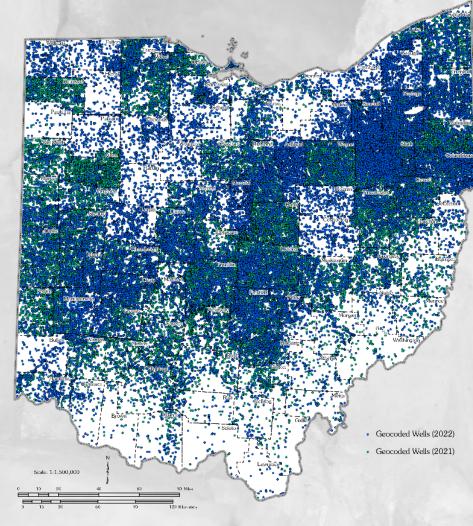


AQUIFER YIELD MAPPING

- Funding Source: OWDA
- Duration: 2 years
- Deliverables:
 - Water well improvements
 - Statewide, seamless digital map
 - Aquifer Yield wall map
 - Hydraulic Conductivity wall map
 - Geodatabase of hydraulic conductivity (K) data



WELL GEOCODING



Wells Geocoded 2021-2022

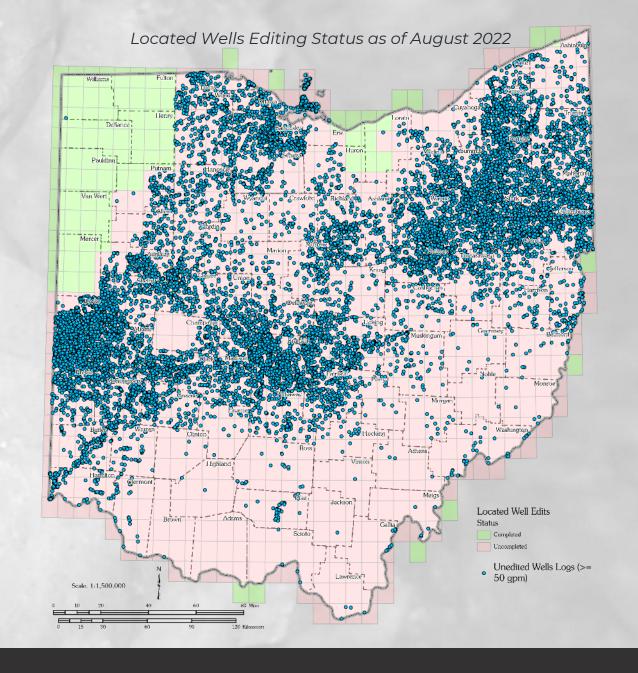
- 111,505 wells geocoded in 2021 (exact LBRS database matches)
- 67,484 wells geocoded in 2022:
 - 7,729 exact LBRS database matches
 - 59,729 using an ArcGIS geocoding service via Python geocoder library

Short Python script utilizing Geocoder library and ArcGIS geocode



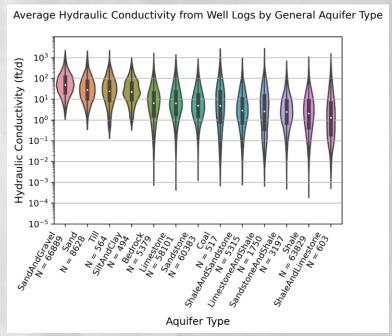
WELL CORRECTIONS

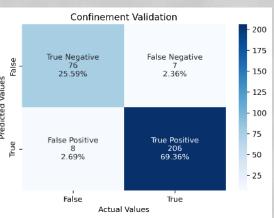
- Quad-by-quad editing of well location, drilling log, and well test data
- Located wells with pump test rates>= 50 gpm
- Unlocated wells with pump test rates >= 60 gpm
- Approximately 40,000 wells edited



WELL COMPLETION TEST MODEL

- Calculates specific capacity from located ODNR well logs (n=619,646)
- Calculates transmissivity, T, using iterative Theis solution (requires b, L, confinement, partial penetration, etc.)
- Calculates K from T using b derived from well drilling log geo forms



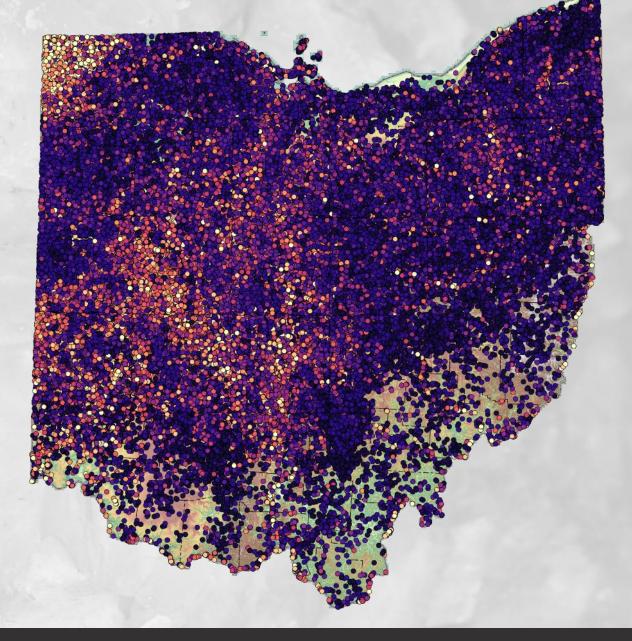


Example code and validation matrix for confinement in test dataset

MODEL OUTPUT

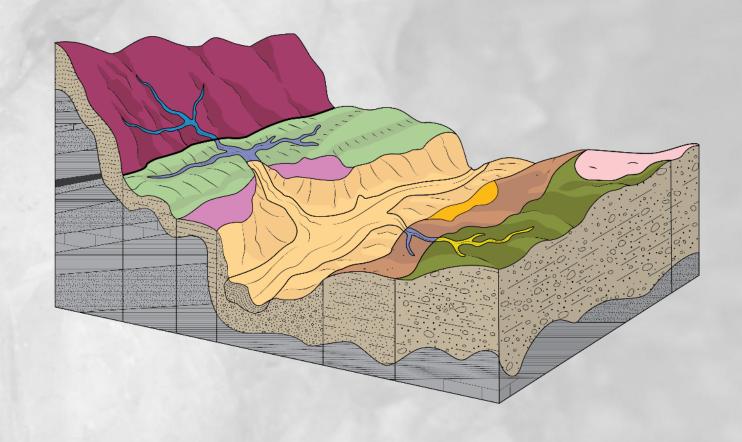
Average K (ft/day)

- o 500+
- 250-500
- 150-250
- 100-150
- 50-100
- 25-50
- 10-25
- 1-10
- <1



MAPPING: PRIMARY & SECONDARY AQUIFERS

- Primary: Higher-yielding aquifer unless there is a disqualifying factor for most uses (depth, quality, discontinuity)
- Secondary: Lower-yielding or alternate aquifer suitable for some uses (e.g., shallower unit, surficial deposits)
- Reason Aquifer is Secondary:
 Considerations include depth, lower yield, thin, discontinuous, water quality considerations, etc.



MAPPING: AQUIFER TYPE

- Defines aquifer types with more granularity than existing maps
- Grouped on lithologic/hydrostratigraphic units
- Some aquifers defined by age, others by specific units

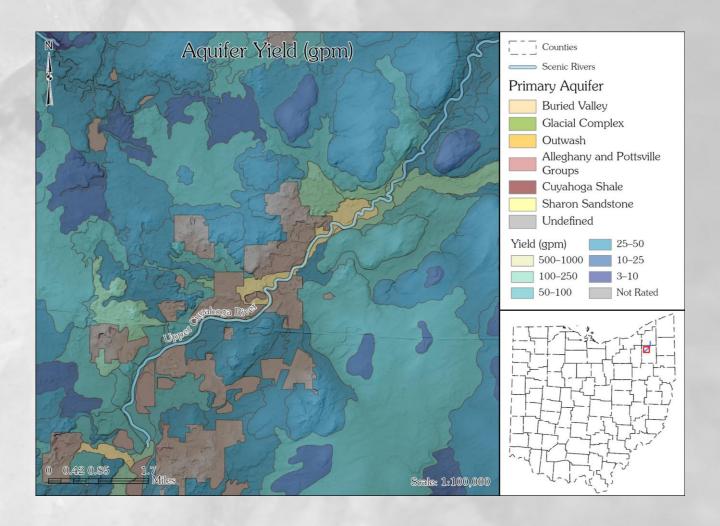
GV Aquife	er	AY Code	AY Aquifer	Units/Group
Sand and Gravel		BDD BV GC O	Alluvial Deposits Beach Ridge, Dune, and Deltaic Deposits Buried Valley Glacial Complex Outwash Other Surficial Deposits	Glacial sand-and-gravel deposits
Interbedded Sedimentary Rocks		ISR-dmc	Interbedded Sedimentary Rocks (Permian or Upper Pennsylvanian)	Dunkard, Monongahela Group, Conemaugh Group
		ISR-ap	Interbedded Sedimentary Rocks (Middle and Lower Pennsylvanian)	Alleghany and Pottsville
		ISS-lc	Interbedded Sandstone and Shale (Upper and Lower Mississippian)	Logan and Cuyahoga
Interbedd	ieu	ISS-lc-sst	Interbedded Sandstone and Shale, sandstone-dominant (Upper and Lower Mississippian)	Logan and Cuyahoga (Logan)
Sandstone and Shale		ISS-lc-sha	Interbedded Sandstone and Shale, shale-dominant (Upper and Lower Mississippian)	Logan and Cuyahoga (Cuyahoga)
		ISS-sbb	Interbedded Sandstone and Shale (Lower Mississippian and Upper Devonian)	*Sunbury, Berea, Bedford undivided
Sandstone		SST-Penn	Sandstone, coarse-grained or conglomeritic (Pennsylvanian)	Massillon Sandstone, Sharon Sandstone/Conglomerate
	ne	SST-bh	Sandstone, coarse-grained, massively bedded (Mississippian)	Cuyahoga (Black Hand Member)
		SST-Dev	Sandstone, fine-grained (Devonian)	Berea Sandstone
		SHA-Miss	Shale (Mississippian)	Sunbury Shale
Shale		SHA-Dev	Shale (Devonian)	Bedford Shale, Antrim Shale, Ohio Shale, Olentangy Shale
		SHA-Sil	Shale (Silurian)	Estill Shale
Limestone		LS-Dev	Limestone (Devonian)	Traverse Group (Ten Mile Creek and Silica Formation), Delaware Limestone, Dundee Limestone, Detroit River Group
		LS-cbus	Limestone, massively bedded (Devonian)	Columbus Limestone
	ne		Dolomite (Silurian)	Bass Islands, Salina Grp, Tymochtee & Greenfield, Lockport, Peebles/Lilley/Bisher, Cedarville/Springfield/Euphemi a, Clinton & Cataract Group
Limestone Shale	and	LSH-Sil	Limestone and Shale (Silurian)	Massie/Laurel/Osgood/Dayton/ Brassfield
Limestone Shale		LSH-Ord	Limestone and Shale (Ordovician)	Cincinnati through Kope

MAPPING: YIELD

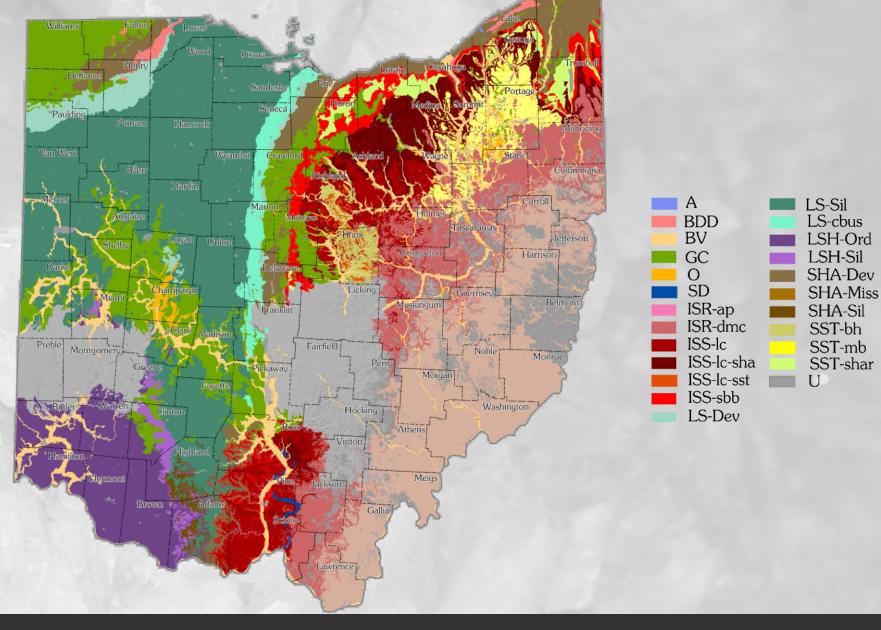
- Data sources:
 - Water wells
 - **Groundwater Resources Maps**

 - GV Aquifer Ratings Pumping Tests Statewide Aquifer Maps

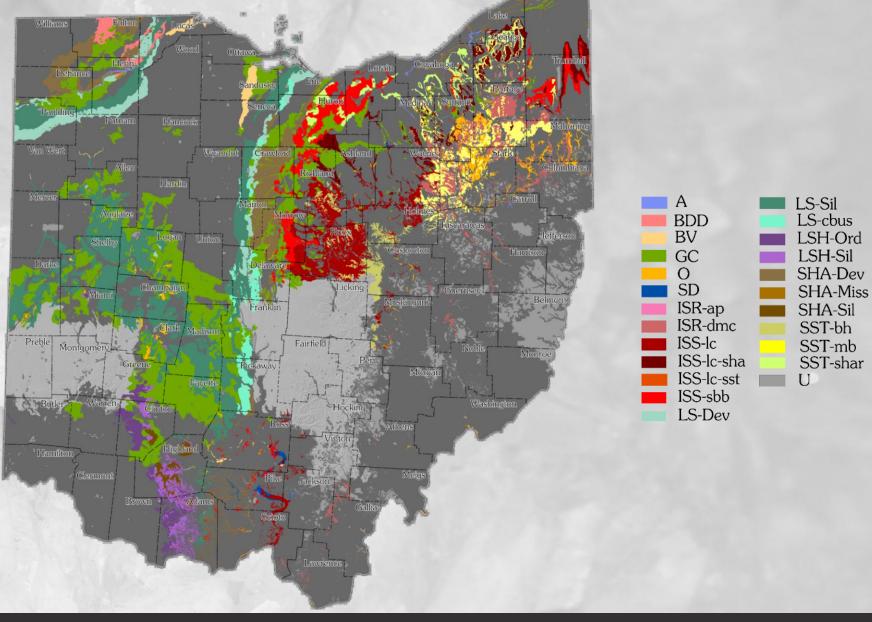
Well Yield (gpm)	Uses		
0–3	Gardening, small domestic (holding tank and water management needed)		
3–10	Small domestic (holding tank probably needed)		
10–25	Domestic		
25–50	Large domestic, small businesses, trailer parks, small-scale farming		
50–100	Small businesses, trailer parks, small community, medium-scale farming		
100–250	Traditional farming & irrigation, medium community		
250–500	Low-flow, center-pivot irrigation; large community		
500–1000	Center-pivot irrigation, large public water systems, large-scale industrial		
1000+	Large municipal water systems, large-scale industrial or commercial agricultural		



PRIMARY AQUIFER



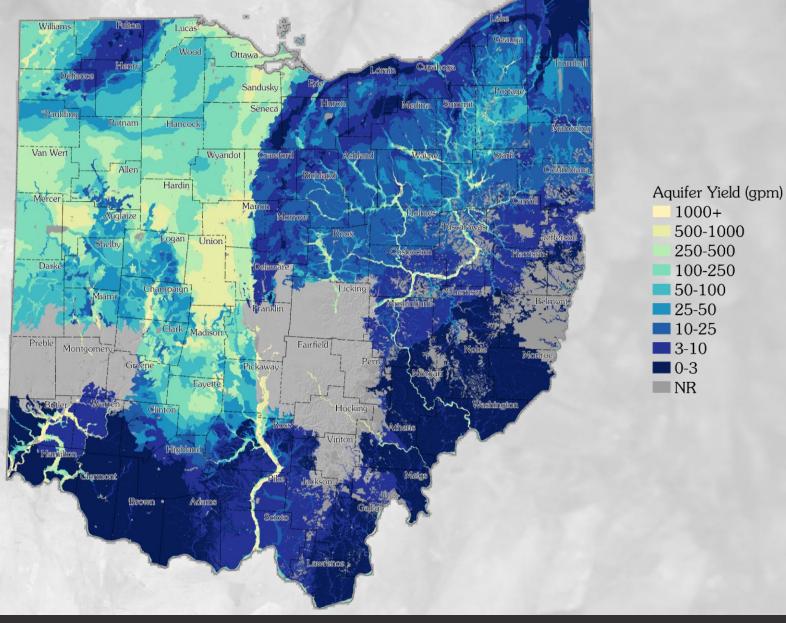
SECONDARY AQUIFER



HYDRAULIC Williams CONDUCTIVITY Van Wert Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/d) 500+ 250-500 150-250 **100-150 50-100** 25-50 **1**0-25 Preble Fairfield Montgomery **1**-10 **-**<1 ■ NR

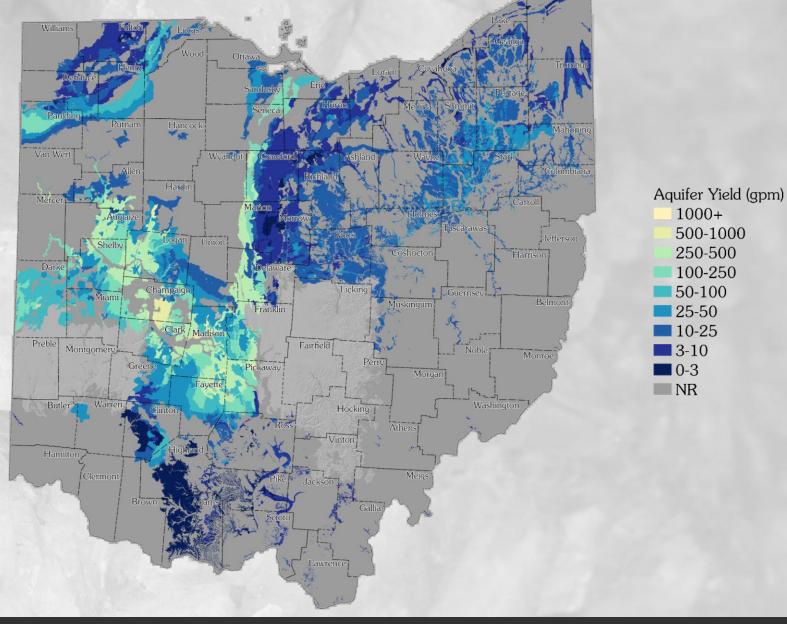


PRIMARY YIELD





SECONDARY YIELD



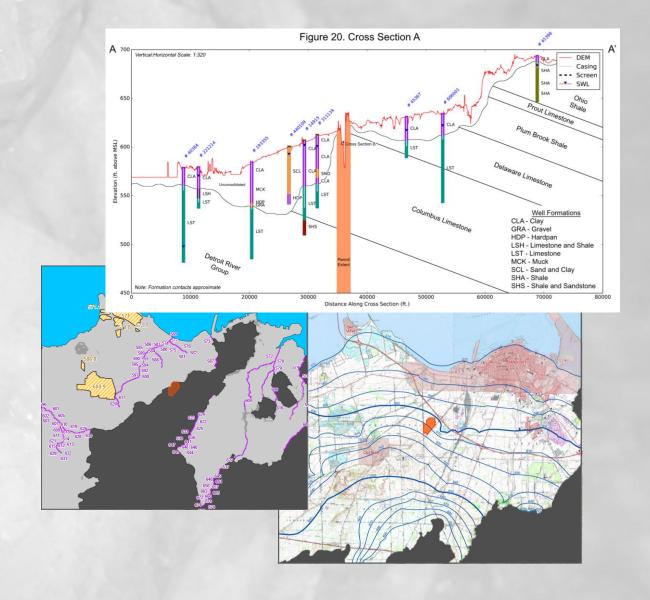


II. GROUNDWATER MODELING



ODNR GROUNDWATER MODELING REQUIREMENTS

- Div. of Mineral Resources
 Management Permits:
 - Surface Mines that result in dewatering
- Div. of Water Withdrawal Permits:
 - ≥ 1mgd in Lake Erie Watershed
 - ≥ 2mgd (consumptive use) in Ohio River Watershed



THE AQUABOUNTY PERMIT

2022

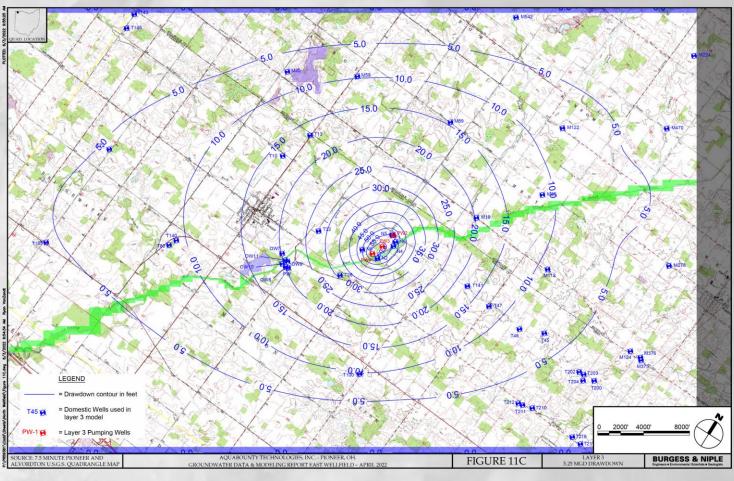
- AQB submits 1st Permit application (3 mgd)
- ODNR approves with conditions
- AQB submits 2nd Permit application (5.25 mgd)
- ODNR approves with conditions
- Groundbreaking at Pioneer facility

2023

- ODNR approves AQB's Monitoring Plan
- Williams County commissioners deny AQB's use of right of way for utility lines (3 times)
- Construction paused

2024

- Judge reverses commissioners' decision
- Commissioners vote 2-1 to appeal reversal
- AquaBounty announces plan to sell Indiana facility and focus on Ohio

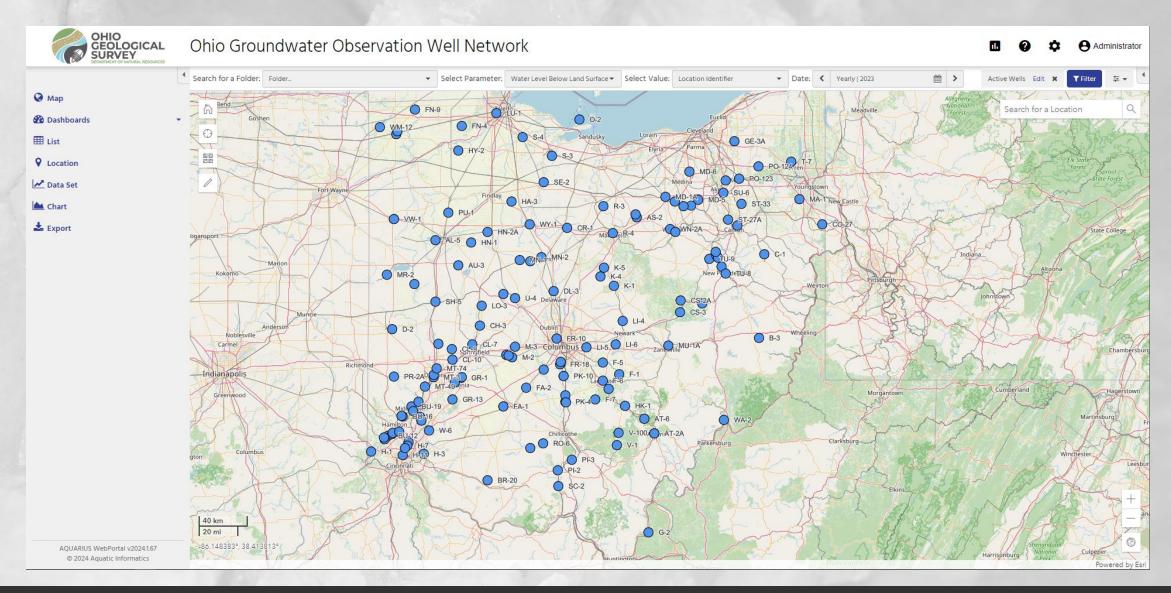


(Burgess & Niple, 2022)

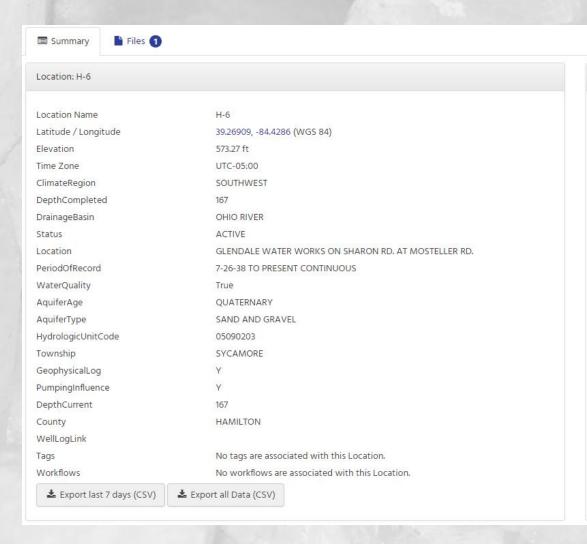
III. GROUNDWATER MONITORING



OBSERVATION WELL NETWORK



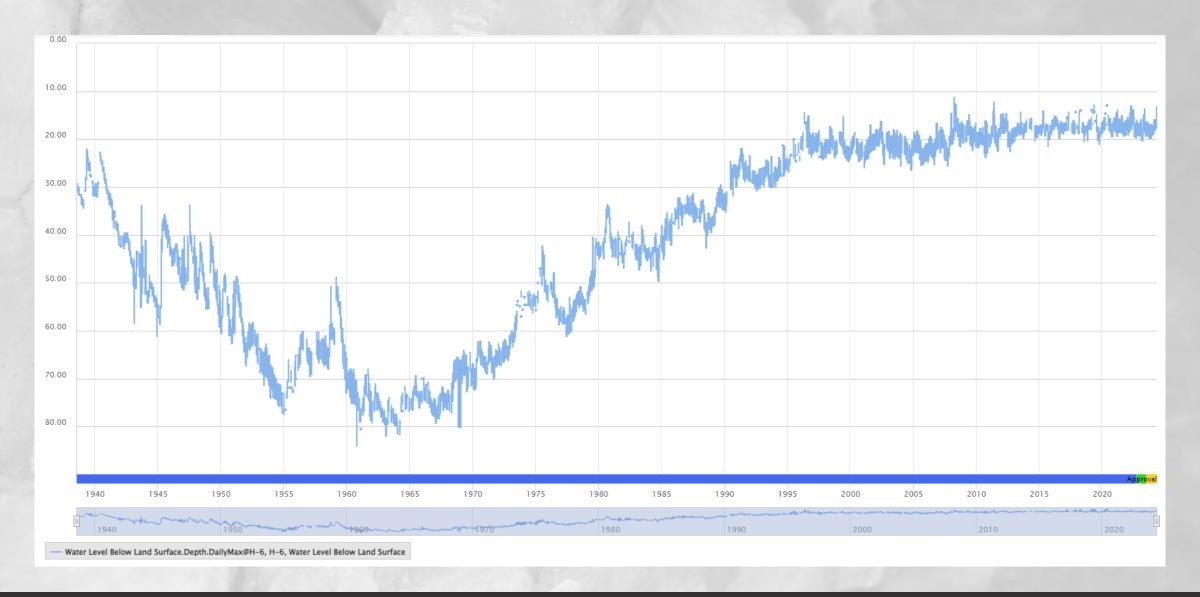
OBSERVATION WELL NETWORK





Go To Map

OBSERVATION WELL NETWORK



CONFLICTS

2022

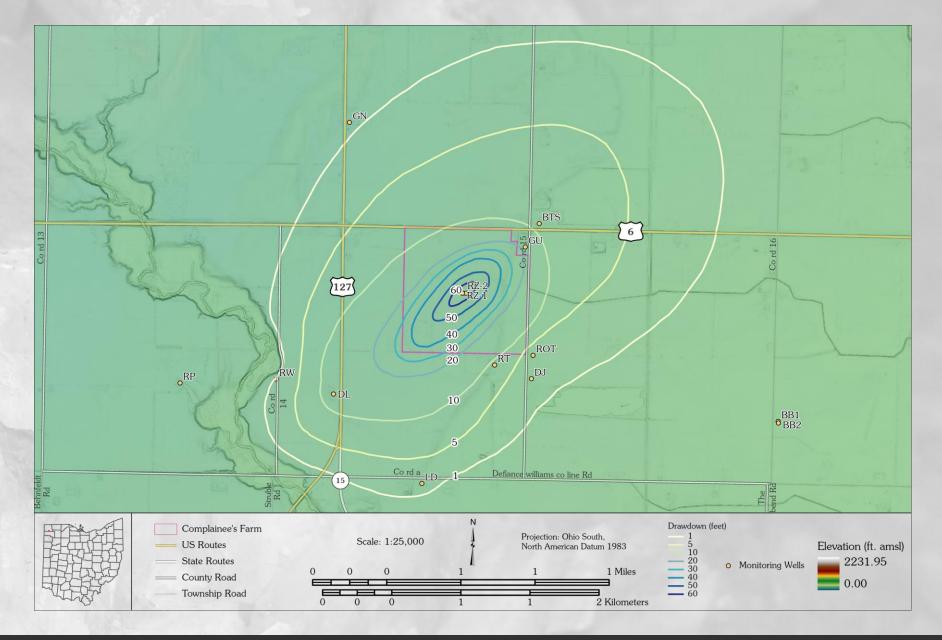
 Complaints of dewatering by local irrigator

2023

ODNR investigation

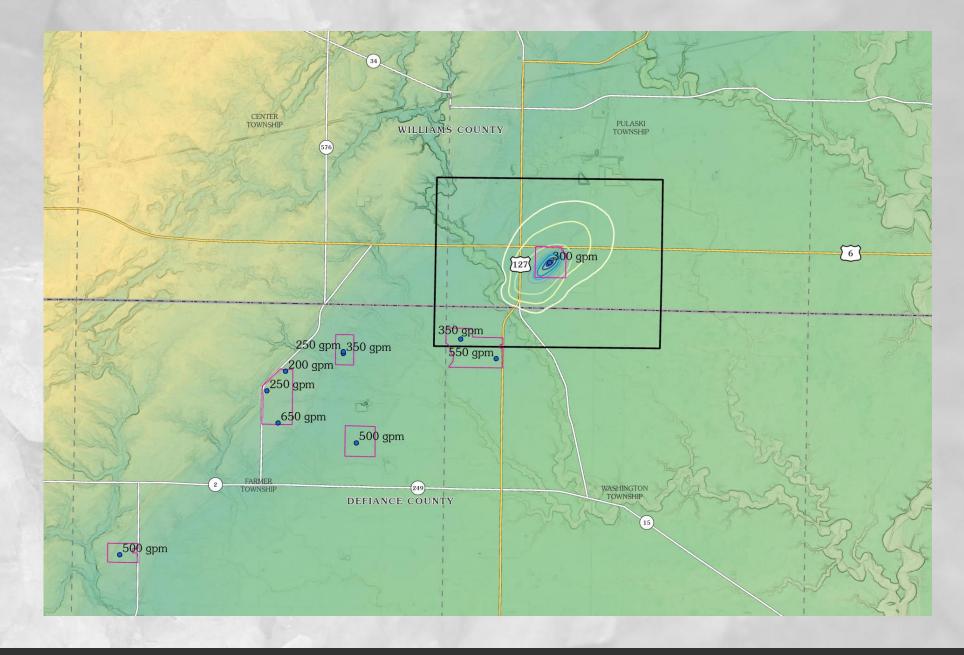
2024

 Awaiting request for public meeting



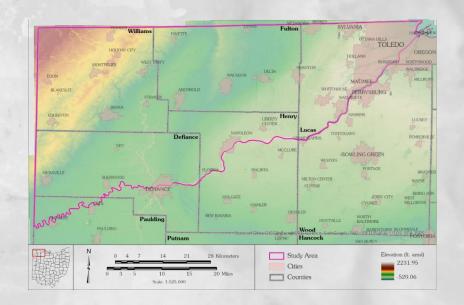
CONFLICTS

- Irrigator adding additional wells
- Other withdrawals increasing
- Heightened public awareness



NORTHWEST OHIO PROJECT

- State Fiscal Year (SFY) 24–
 25 Biennium Budget Bill
- Sponsored by Representative Jim Hoops (R – District 81)
- \$500,000 budget
- Funded through Ohio
 Dept. of Development





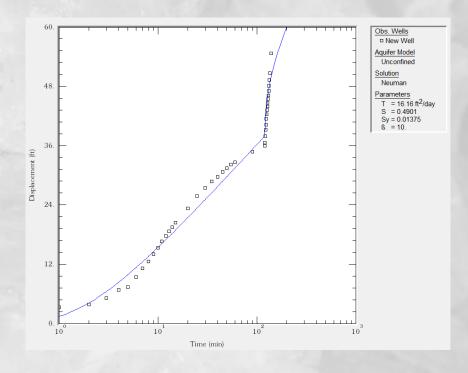
One-time Priority Project

"... to support a study, including the acquisition of any necessary equipment, to determine an **estimate of storage capacity** and **maximum annual yield** of the network of aquifers that are in the state of Ohio and <u>north of the Maumee River</u>, but that may also cross into other states."

PROJECT SCOPE

- Install ~10 new state observation wells
- Perform aquifer tests on newly installed wells

 - Step tests Pumping tests
- Publish hydrogeologic report
- Update yield and conductivity maps



Aquifer Test Specifications

5 steps, max 450gpm Step Test: **Pumping Test:** 24 hrs., max 300gpm

Piezometer(s):



Well Specifications

Borehole Diameter: 12.25" Casing Diameter: Screen Length: 10' Average Depth: 175 feet



EXPECTED SITES

